C5 – S1 – THEORY

**EXERCISE 1**

**PROBLEM:**

* Enter a number.
* Check if this number is in one of the bellow ranges:

1 to 10

29 to 51

76 to 101

* Print True if the number is in one of the ranges, print False otherwise.

**Q1** – Complete the missing outputs

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **INPUT** | **OUTPUT** |
| 11 | False |
| 50 | True |
| 88 | True |
| 30 | true |
| 101 | true |

**Q2** – Analyze the symbols you need to solve this problem

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Element | Do you need it? | For what? |
| Action |  |  |
| Decision |  |  |
| Repeat |  |  |
| Input / Output |  |  |

**Q3** – Create a flowchart to solve this problem.

n=int(input())

if n>=1 and n<=10:

    print(True)

elif n>=29 and n<=51:

    print(True)

elif n>=76 and n<=101:

    print(True)

else:

    print(False)

**Q4** – **Execute** the flowchart: What is the result of your flowchart with those inputs?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **INPUT** | **OUTPUT** |
| -1 | False |
| 0 | False |
| 8 | False |
| 11 | True |
| 15 | False |
| 29 | True |
| 35 | True |
| 75 | False |
| 80 | True |
| 110 | False |

**Q5** – Review the code and find **the error** and explain them.

# Check if a number is in one of the 3 ranges: 1 to 10 or 29 to 51 or 76 to 101

value = int(input())

inRange = False

if value >= 1 or value <= 10:

inRange = True

elif value >= 29 or value <= 51:

inRange = True

elif value >= 76 or value <= 101:

inRange = True

print(inRange)

**Q6** If this code is a valid code? Explain why

We should use and for loop

# Check if a number is in one of the 3 ranges: 1 to 10 or 29 to 51 or 76 to 101

value = int(input())

inRange = True

if value < 1:

inRange = False

elif value > 10 and value < 29:

inRange = False

elif value > 51 and value < 76:

inRange = False

elif value > 101:

inRange = False

print(inRange)

**Q7**– Write your own good code to solve this problem.

This time, you can us **1 condition** only

n=int(input())

if n>=1 and n<=10:

    print(True)

elif n>=29 and n<=51:

    print(True)

elif n>=76 and n<=101:

    print(True)

else:

    print(False)

# EXERCICE 2

* Input a text in the console.
* Print the number of points related to this word, following the below rules.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **IF THE WORD CONTAINS** | **THEN THE POINTS ARE** |
| **One** ‘*A’* **or more** | 10 points |
| **One ‘***B’* **or more** | 20 points |

* Note: you can cumulate the rules: if you have some “A” and some “B” it will be 10+20 = 30 points!
* If no rules match, then the result is 0 points.

***Examples***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **INPUT** | **OUTPUT** |
| KKK | 0 |
| BCA | 30  *Because we found 1 ‘B’ and 1 ‘A’: 10 + 20* |
| MMBBR | 20 |
| MAARTDAC | 10 |
| AABBBB | 30 |
| C | 0 |

**Q1** – What will be the **results** for those inputs?

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| INPUT | OUTPUT |
| DADADA |  |
| ACAAAB |  |
| AAAAAA |  |
| QWERTY |  |

**Q2** – **Fill up the gap** on this flowchart.

n=input()

isA=False

isB=False

sum=0

for i in range(len(n)):

    if n[i]=="A" or n[i]=="a":

        isA=True

    elif n[i]=="B" or n[i] =="b":

        isB=True

if isA:

    sum+=10

if isB:

    sum+=20

print(sum)

GET N

if n[i]=="A" or n[i]=="a":

Repeat(len(N))

Sum=0

Yes

isA =False

No

Done

Sum=10

START

elif n[i]=="B" or n[i] =="b":

Yes

Sum=20

No

Print(sum)

END

**Q3** – Implement it and test it with the inputs of the first question.

t=input()

sum=0

for i in range (len(t)):

    if t[i]=="A" or t[i]=="a":

        sum+=10

    elif t[i]=="B" or t[i]=="b":

        sum+=20

    i+=1

print(sum)

EXERCICE 3

* Execute mentally the below code and write, for each step of execution the value of each variable.
* If the variable is not defined yet, write “?”

a = "roman"

b = a[2]

c = a + b

a = c[-1]

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| STEP | A | B | C |
| 1 | roman |  |  |
| 2 | roman | m |  |
| 3 | roman | m | romanm |
| 4 | n |  |  |